## Quiz: Quotas to address the practical gender needs (Highlight the answers)

- 1. India has more women in positions of elective authority than in the rest of the world put together....
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 2.Reservations for SC/ST introduced in\_\_\_\_\_
  - a. 1950
  - b. 1951
  - c. 1952
  - d. 1953

3. How many states have already enhanced Women's reservation 50 percent?

- a. 15 states
- b. 17 states
- c. 12 states
- d. 11 states
- 4. Women in India in their role as grandmothers and mothers, who are repository of India's ancient culture and traditions, are less corrupt
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
- 5. What are the variables of NCAER-IDRC study?
  - a. women's ability to hold elected Panchayat
  - b. specific indicators of women's empowerment such as participation in Gram Sabha meetings
  - c. labour market participation
  - d. All the above
- 6. What is the Response to Women's Entry in Panchayats
  - a. Positive
  - b. Negative
  - c. Questioned
  - d. Stereotypes
- 7. Reservation has been critical Representation of disadvantaged groups?
  - a. True
  - b. False
- 8. What percent of women are elected from reserved seats?
  - a. 88%
  - b. 90%
  - c. 33%
  - d. 55%

9. What is the role of SHGs for Women in Panchayats:

- a. combination of political and economic empowerment
- b. political and social empowerment
- c. changing the face of rural India
- d. all above

10. What is the importance of reservation for women?

11. What is big difference between representation and participation?

12. Why Linkage of women in Panchayats and women in their SHGs is important?

13. What is new identity and recognition of women in Panchayats ?